## HI-BRIGHT TYPE LED

## **Features**

- High intensity
- Wide viewing angle
- General purpose leads
- Reliable and rugged

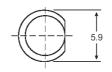
Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25

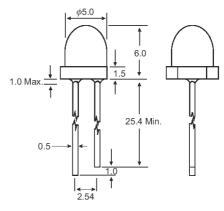
Absolute maximum Natings at 14-25							
Parameter	Max.	Unit					
Power Dissipation	100	mW					
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	100	mA					
Continuous Forward Current	40	mA					
Derating Linear From 50	0.4	mA /					
Reverse Voltage	5	V					
Operating Temperature Range	-40 to +80						
Storage Temperature Range	-40 to+	80					
Lead Soldering Temperature [4mm(.157") From Body]	260 for 5 S	Seconds					

## Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Protruded resin under flange is 1.0mm (.04") max.
- 3. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
- 4. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

## **Package Dimensions**





Unit: mm (inches)

Tolerance: ±0.25mm (.010") max

Part No.	Emitted Color	Lens Color	Peak Wavelength λp (nm)	Vf (V) I <sub>f</sub> = 20mA (Note E1)	Iv (mcd) (Note E2)	Viewing Angle $2\theta_{1/2}$ (Deg) (Note E3)
				Min Typ	Min Typ	
EL-47R731	Red	Red Diffused	660	1.6 – 1.8	8.0 – 30	70
EL-47G731	Green	Green Diffused	568	1.7 – 2.2	3.0 – 15	70
EL-47Y731	Yellow	Yellow Diffused	590	1.6 – 2.1	12 – 35	70
EL-470731	Orange	Orange Diffused	610	1.6 – 2.1	20 – 45	70
EL-47R432	Red	Water Clear	660	1.6 – 1.8	45 – 65	40
EL-47G432	Green	Water Clear	568	1.7 – 2.2	15 – 50	40
EL-47Y432	Yellow	Water Clear	590	1.6 – 2.1	35 – 60	40
EL-47R433	Red	Red Transparent	660	1.6 – 1.8	45 – 65	40
EL-47G433	Green	Green Transparent	568	1.7 – 2.2	15 – 50	40
EL-47Y433	Yellow	Yellow Transparent	590	1.6 – 2.1	35 – 60	40

Parameter Test Condition

 $\label{eq:local_$ 

the CIE eye-response curve.)

Dominant Wavelength  $I_f = 20 \text{mA}$  (Note E2: The dominant wavelength ( $\lambda d$ ) is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents

the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.)

Peak Emission Wavelength  $I_f = 20 \text{mA}$ 

Viewing Angle (Note E3. 1/2 is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.)

 $\label{eq:spectral Line Half-Width} \begin{array}{l} \text{Spectral Line Half-Width} & \text{I}_f = 20\text{mA} \\ \text{Forward Voltage} & \text{I}_f = 20\text{mA} \\ \text{Reverse Current} & \text{I}_f = 20\text{mA} \end{array}$